April 9, 2001

Mayor's State of the City Report

The State of the City of Annapolis is great; with a proud past, a vibrant present, and a bright future.

We have historic buildings in beautiful settings, we have dozens of plans sitting on the shelf ready to be implemented, and we have a municipality with a firm financial foundation. But none of these criteria ultimately measure the strength of this city. That can only be done by her people.

Tonight we gather for "people not politics." We are black and white, men and women, young and old, married and single. Some play in the orchestra, some sing in a choir, many only sing in the shower. Others coach a little-league baseball team, neighbors plant flowers, and Boy and Girl Scout Leaders abound. We are Annapolis Alive.

We have a symphony, an opera company, the largest Ballet Company in Maryland, two theater companies, a Chorale and dozens of artists. We've got Yacht clubs and museums and Service clubs to fit every size. We have dozens of Churches and Synagogues with choirs and community service activities, children's education programs, and parenting classes. Habitat for Humanity is working on their 49th home and The Annapolis Baseball Club started their 9th Season last Saturday. Can you think of a better place to be?

This is not politics. These are people – our neighbors. It is their lives, their dreams that are the building blocks of community.

What is this city doing; what are our priorities; simple words, great meanings. Lets take a quick look at some statistics to show the diversity of our actions and successes.

- Ridership on our transit system is up another 10% in the first 6 months of this year; doubled in 5 years. And the transit deficit continues to fall.
- We collected 2000 tons of yard waste and 475 tons of leaves the majority of which was returned free to the citizens as mulch.
- The EMS Division of The Fire Department received a Certificate of Excellence from The Maryland Institute for Emergency Medical Services Systems.

- We processed permits on construction projects with an ultimate value of ¼ of a billion dollars of private investment.
- We were named by Walking Magazine as one of America's top ten walkable cities.
- We assisted in establishing the "Maritime Hall of Fame" and will host Sailing World's Fall of Fame in 2002.
- We reopened The Stanton Center as a hub of community activity. More than just a recreation Center, this 101 year old school houses a network of community services including a wellness clinic and numerous human service organizations. It is the site of dozens of meetings each month.
- More that 20 bus shelters were installed with lighting and signage and at no cost to the public.
- The highly-rated, consumer friendly recycling program was continued at no increase in cost.
- More than 170 fire safety sprinkler systems were installed in the last year.
- We completely revamped and computerized the inspection program of the fire department so that by the end of this year fire personnel will inspect all buildings except for single family occupancies at least once every three years.
- Trailways/Greyhound inter-city bus services were resumed to Annapolis with ticket sales at the City's bus garage on Chinquapin Round Road. These services have been unavailable for 18 years. Traffic statistics are showing steady, month-by month increases.
- Both the Poplar Park Trail and The Annapolis Sports Complex behind Germantown Elementary School were completed.
- Crime statistics are down by nearly 5% over last year. The Police Department responded to more than 37,000 calls for service in 2000.
- Dug out the old, and installed the new, along West Street including water, sewer, gas, phone and electric lines.
- Continued work on the joint city/county Transit Development plan and commenced a parking analysis of West Annapolis.
- After proposing funding for a Regional Transportation Plan, in my 1999 and 2000 budgets, we finally moved this proposal closer by completing by a funds transfer of \$150,000 to be supplemented by the State, County, and Naval Academy.
- Received over 75 acres of land in conservation easement by the City's Conservation Board.

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- Earned awards by our transit system from The Maryland Municipal League, The Citizens Planning and Housing Association, and the Transit Riders League of Metropolitan Baltimore.
- Offered over 50 different recreation and leisure classes.

These examples are only a small number of the successes in The City of Annapolis. I look forward to completion of two of our most aggressive activities – accreditation of our Police Department and Fire Department in the near future. We can now know that the citizens of Annapolis are receiving the most modern and efficient services possible from the best trained men and women we can find. When you call 911, the response will be quicker, the personnel and equipment will be up-to-date, and eventually your insurance rates will be reduced. Chief Johnson, Chief Sherlock, thanks for the work and keep it up.

So we've wandered around the garden that is Annapolis and looked at some of the individual blades of grass. Together they offer a broad landscape, alone they are narrow shadows and roots. Where do they take us?

The process of assembling a budget is the most basic function of a municipality. As I noted last year "Nothing speaks more loudly about values" and to me the highest priority must be the people; those who are here tonight, those who are watching at home, those who are working – trying to support their families.

Don't substitute politics for people. It is so easy to react rather than think, debate rather than address our hardest issues. Developing a broad consensus is the duty of this body and it requires the full participation of all of us. I challenge all of you sitting at this table tonight- participate. Put your ideas out there and let the people in.

There has been a lot of talk about leadership recently and there will be more in the months to come. But leadership is not a popularity contest. It means making the tough decisions and doing the hard things because they are right and not necessarily politically correct.

That's why last year I recommended raising water and sewer rates which had not been changed for over a decade. I knew the city was headed for fiscal disaster if we didn't tackle the financing of our aging water and sewer system. That's why I swallowed hard a month after taking office when the bids on Westgate Circle came in 60% over estimates but decided we had to move forward. Inaction and excuses had become much too much a way of life.

Leadership means listening to the citizens we serve.

That's why I initiated the CITY HALL COMES TO YOU program as well as our special outreach to the growing Hispanic community. That's why I started a weekly radio call in show. Why I initiated public hearings on all legislation before the City Council. Before the Johnson Administration there were no regular public hearings on legislation before the Council. Why I initiated monthly legislative work sessions for the Council with City staff. Before the Johnson Administration there were no legislative work sessions.

Leadership also means tackling problems that have faced our city for years without solution. We have created plans but not action. Analysis had become paralysis. I took plans off the shelf, dusted them off, and got them moving. The Stanton Center, Westgate Circle, Poplar Trail, Annapolis Sport Center, West Street Reconstruction,

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Knighton Garage, and Annapolis Alive.

But back to the budget. My budget proposes to reduce property taxes more than found in any recent budget from 66.8 cents to 64.4 cents. You will be hearing the term constant yield tax rate frequently in the next few weeks. It means in its simplest sense – that the total property tax will not change. As property assessments go up the tax rate will go down. If we looked merely at the tax rate under the old system it would be a reduction of 6 cents! More importantly it is a recognition that we must take firm control of our destiny. Remember that term - constant yield tax rate. Inquiring minds will want to know.

Similarly I propose no increases in water, sewer or refuse fees. Good service for good people.

We are a city of differences; different people, different families, and different neighborhoods, each linked by hope. However as I've said before we have more wishes than wallet and that's why we go through this budget process. We debate the needs, we discuss our priorities and we adopt a document much like a piece of music.

Each note has a length of time and pitch thereby establishing both the rhythm and harmony. Our budget serves the same purpose; the relationships are highlighted, the messages are clarified and the abilities demonstrated.

The proposed budget is a symphony of municipal activities. Might I emphasize some key phrases?

It is obvious to the most jaded resident of this region that all problems have a transportation element in the solution. Whether it is parking, or transit, or roads, the movement of people is important to our future. In addition to the institution of a Regional Transportation Master Plan I've proposed a number of changes to become proactive. The planning and Zoning Department recently added a Transportation Planner and I suggest a Transportation Engineer be hired in Engineering & Construction to directly address all of the pending transportation projects. Further I've proposed that we start and ITS (Intelligent Transportation System) and commence a replacement program for all city traffic signals next year. Now is also the time to add a new traffic software system and a digitized mapping system.

The focus of the City's major economic development thrust has been the comprehensive revitalization and redevelopment of West Street. From the funding of Westgate Circle —one of the first actions of this Council — we have diverted attention into a community which was then regarded as "marginal." In a city where 40% of all property is tax-exempt we must find growth within the commercial sector. We've listened to the residents and businesses in that corridor describe the day-to-day difficulties of living in a construction zone and thus I am proposing accelerated funding of the project of \$3.1 million to shorten the construction period by one year. We will continue to seek Smart Growth Funding for this \$12.1 million project, as well as establish several mitigation programs to lower the pain.

The public safety departments of Annapolis have always been a matter of pride and we must continue that tradition. We are proposing to develop a Mobile Data Computing system for communication with officers in the field as well as completing Police headquarters building renovations. The opportunity is also available to acquire the property adjoining the current Police headquarters to permit expansion in the future.

Expenditures in the Fire Department are in the areas of fire inspection by adding a civilian inspector and a part

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time contractual professional Fire Engineer. Don't look to far into the future when we predict a new ladder truck will be necessary in 2003 for \$726,000.

The environmental quality of life will be significantly improved by the constitution of a new storm Drain Maintenance system in the Department of Public Works pursuant to a mandate of the Maryland Department of the Environment. (We warned the Council of this last year.) This will require 4 new positions and a new "Vactor" truck. Each storm drain catch basin in the city will be cleaned yearly. The resulting flows into Weems, College, Spa or Back Creek will be cleaner.

The Recreation and Parks Department has added almost 50% more fields this year and we've added the personnel to insure that our kids (of all ages) have "top-flight" facilities for health and recreation.

So ... that's the long and short of what I consider to be an ambitious, yet realistic budget for the consideration and approval of this City Council. I would urge you to seriously consider my budget proposal knowing that in the end, we all want what is best for the citizens of the City of Annapolis.

Annapolis does not have unlimited financial resources but it has unlimited hope for the future. By uniting the traditions and imagination for which we are famous, we can achieve those things that are important. We can hope, and plan, and strive for cooperation and greatness, but ultimately the outcome is solely within our hands.

and plan, and strive for cooperation and greatness, but ultimately the outcome is solely within our hands.
Either a city seizes the opportunities before it, or a city slides back.
Big dreams take big guts.

Dean L. Johnson, Mayor

Respectfully submitted

The Mayor's State of the City Report is presented to the City Council and the Citizens of Annapolis as an accompaniment to the Mayor's Proposed Operating Budget and Capital Improvement Program. The State of the City Report highlights the Mayor's major initiatives and goals contained in the proposed budget for the upcoming year, focusing on the proposed property tax rate, organizational changes, and major capital projects. Once the Mayor's proposed budget has been presented to the City Council, the Council may then propose amendments to the Mayor's budget; these amendments are voted on during the City Council meeting at which the budget is adopted.

The Mayor's State of the City Report on the preceding five pages includes projects and changes that the Mayor had incorporated into his proposed budget; some of these were modified, replaced, or eliminated by the City Council when the budget was adopted. One major change that the Council made was to lower the tax rate from \$.644 to \$.624.

From

To

Change

Other changes from the proposed budget to the adopted budget are as follows:

Adjustments to Revenues

Proposed FY 2002 Revenues			\$54,727,970
1 Decrease Property Tax Revenue	\$16,128,230	\$15,627,270	(\$500,960)
2 Increase Prior Year Operating	6,237,790	6,648,650	410,860
3 Increase Dock Fund Miscellaneous Revenue	0	1,000	1,000
Adopted FY 2002 Revenues			\$54,638,870
Adjustments to Expenditures	From	To	Change
Proposed FY 2002 Expenditures			\$54,727,970
1 Increase Grant to We Care and Friends	10,000	15,000	5,000
2 Increase Grant to Noah's Ark	10,000	15,000	5,000
3 Decrease Grant to Annapolis Maritime Museum	100,000	50,000	(50,000)
	40,000	35,000	(5,000)
4 Decrease Grant to Maryland Hall	- ,		

Adjustments to Expenditures	From	To	Change
6 Increase Stanton Center Capital - Outlay for Gym Floor Cover	0	7,000	7,000
7 Decrease Contingency Account	41,000	29,000	(12,000)
8 Eliminate new Floating Secretary	25,000	0	(25,000)
9 Increase Stanton Center Salaries	105,170	120,170	15,000
10 Increase Dock Fund Capital Outlay for Washer and Dryer	0	10,000	10,000
11 Adjust Dock Depreciation and Non-operating expense			(9,000)
12 Increase Road Resurfacing	550,320	750,320	200,000
13 Decrease transfer to CIP - Defer Financial Management System	750,000	0	(750,000)
14 Decrease transfer to CIP - Eliminate Police Land Acquisition	350,000	0	(350,000)
15 Decrease transfer to CIP - Eliminate Glenwood Storm Drain	186,000	0	(186,000)
16 Decrease transfer to CIP - Reduce and defer Mobile Data Computing	102,000	0	(102,000)
17 Increase transfer to CIP - Forest Drive Sidewalks	0	848,000	848,000
18 Increase transfer to CIP - Porter Drive Outfall	0	202,000	202,000
19 Increase transfer to CIP - Germantown Field Drainage	0	50,000	50,000
20 Increase transfer to CIP - Purchase land to realign Lafayette	0	50,000	50,000
Adopted FY 2002 Expenditures \$54,638,870			

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Additional notes to budget changes:

Changes to the Capital Improvement Program:

Reduce out-year allowances, as appropriate, for capital projects funded in FY 02 by the above amendments, and

- A) In the FY 03 Capital Budget, allow \$190,000 in operating funds and \$30,000 in bond funds for Police Computers (NEW in 02)
- B) In the FY 03 Capital Budget, allow \$220,000 in bond funds for Traffic Calming, Bay Ridge Ave. (NEW in 02, Finance Committee amendments)
- C) In the FY 03 Capital Budget, allow \$750,000 in bond funds for computer system, Finance (#515)

[Net proposed future bonded indebtedness is equal to that in Mayor's budget with proposed Finance Com. amendments]

Additional Amendments, Clarifying and Restrictive Language:

- A) Grants, Maritime Museum for McNasby Renovations: add "This grant is contingent on generation of new private, matching funds and restricted in use for capital expenses associated with renovations to the McNasby site."
- B) In account 110-41316-7240, Volvo Races, add "These funds are restricted in use to payment for police and fire services and clean-up associated with the Volvo Race event."
- C) In the description of Capital Project #433, add "Funds are included to 1) At the end of phase one, restore traffic signals, operating on an on-demand mode, at the following intersections: Madison and West; Jefferson/Montecello and West; and 2) Construct at an estimated \$150,000 gateways to five residential neighborhoods, as described in the Faux Plan; and 3) Design and implement in each phase of construction the urban design streetscape on West Street and West Washington Street."
- D) In account 110-42112-6120 (Police Overtime), append the attached list of events, supplied by the Police Department, and add the following language: "Use of City-funded Police Overtime for special events is restricted to the events and amounts indicated on the attached list."

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SPECIAL EVENTS FOR WHICH USE OF CITY-FUNDED OVERTIME IS AUTHORIZED FOR THE POLICE DEPARTMENT WITHOUT FURTHER ACTION BY THE CITY COUNCIL

<u>Event</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Rallies (Legislative Related)	\$4,755
Pony League Parade	609
Taste of the Nations	534
Fourth of July	14,971
Annapolis 10K Run	2,884
Elks Parade	1,109
Navy Football (6 games)	28,126
MRE Tug of War	1,001
ABATE Helmet Rally	871
Veteran's Day Parade	743
Grand Illumination	697
EYC Parade of Lights	3,897
Eastport-A-Rockin' Street Fest	2,360
Orthopaedic 5K Run	382
Annapolis High Parade	971
We Care & Friends Parade	298
March of Dimes Walk	1,139
Bay Bridge Walk	2,383
Annapolis Music Festival	875
Spring Fling	880
USNA Graduation/Blue Angels	13,669
Memorial Day Parade	1,285
TOTAL	\$84,439

Total Financial Program:

• The adopted operating budget for the General Fund and the seven enterprise funds totals \$54,638,870, an increase of 13.2% since last year. The FY 2002 Capital Budget total of \$37,167,390 represents an increase of 40.49% over the FY 2001 Capital Budget of \$26,456,190.

Major Initiatives:

Certain major initiatives set the tone for the development of the budget. Some were key factors in the Mayor's Proposed Budget, and others were set forth by the Council during the budget hearing and adoption process. They are as follows:

- The focus of the City's major economic development thrust has been the comprehensive revitalization and redevelopment of West Street. Accelerated funding has been provided for Westgate Circle to shorten the construction period by one year.
- Being able to walk around the City was also made a priority this year, as evidenced by funds for providing and/or improving sidewalks along Forest Drive.
- The environmental quality of life will be significantly improved by the constitution of a new storm Drain Maintenance system in the Department of Public Works pursuant to a mandate of the Maryland Department of the Environment. This required 4 new positions and a new "Vactor" truck. Each storm drain catch basin in the city will be cleaned yearly. The resulting flows into Weems, College, Spa or Back Creek will be cleaner.
- A smoother ride around the City was once again made a priority this year, as evidence by the substantial increase in road paving funds.

General Fund Highlights:

- The adopted tax rate under the new 100% assessed value system will be 4.4 cents lower. The current tax rate of \$1.67 converts to 66.8 cents under the new system. The adopted tax rate of 62.4 cents is 2 cents lower than the proposed tax rate of 64.4 which was equal to the Constant Yield Tax Rate that is calculated annually by the Department of Assessments and Taxation. The constant yield tax rate represents the rate that for the coming year would generate the same amount of revenue that was generated during the current tax year. The result of this 2 cent decrease is a decrease of \$500,960 in budgeted property tax revenue.
- The gross tax rate in the City is the sum of the City, County, and State tax rates. It is the combined tax rate levied by three government entities and it is the tax rate a City taxpayer would pay if there were no tax differential. The tax rate differential is the amount the County tax rate is reduced for City residents because City residents do not use certain County services to the same extent they are used by County residents who do not live in the City. Consequently, for a City taxpayer, it is the net total rate in the City that determines what the City resident's total tax bill will be. The largest factor in the increase of the total net rate in the City has been the decrease in the County Tax Differential credit. The rising cost of education in the County has been a major contributor to this decrease. The credit has decreased 14-cents from \$1.15 to \$1.01 since FY 1992. This credit held steady at \$1.01 for FY 1997 through FY 2001. The credit remains the same for FY 2002, but because of the new 100% assessed value system the credit value changes to .404 cents.

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The tax rates for the last eight years have been as follows:

Fiscal Year	City Rate	County Rate	State Rate	Gross Total Rate In the City	County Tax Differential	Net Total Rate In The City
*02	0.624	0.960	0.084	1.668	(0.404)	1.264
01	1.67	2.40	0.21	4.28	(1.01)	3.27
00	1.68	2.36	0.21	4.25	(1.01)	3.24
99	1.70	2.36	0.21	4.27	(1.01)	3.26
98	1.68	2.38	0.21	4.27	(1.01)	3.26
97	1.69	2.38	0.21	4.28	(1.01)	3.27
96	1.73	2.38	0.21	4.32	(1.09)	3.23
95	1.78	2.35	0.21	4.34	(1.12)	3.22

^{*} The tax rates for FY 2002 are under the new 100% assessed value system.

Personnel:

- There are 515 full-time positions, an increase of 6 full-time positions over FY 2001. This increase in City staffing includes two new Recreation Maintenance Workers, a new Fire Inspector, a Civil Engineer I, a Civil Engineer II, an Equipment Operator II, two Public Works Maintenance Worker I's, the elimination of one Custodian position, and the elimination of a Clerk Typist II position.
- The FY 2002 budget includes funding for the Hendricks Salary Study that was recently completed and approved by the City Council.
- Anticipated increases in the cost of the City's medical and prescription plans results in a 8.1% increase in medical insurance costs, bringing the amount budgeted from \$3,081,550 in FY 2001 to \$3,330,000 in FY 2002.

Roads and Sidewalks:

- An increase of \$200,000 in the Road Paving account brings the total allocation for road improvements to \$750,000.
- An increase of \$848,000 in funds was made to provide and/or improve the sidewalks along Forest Drive.
- The amount of grants given by the City increased by 9.14%, from \$543,160 in FY 2001 to \$592,790 in FY

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2002. A list of grant recipients is in the "General Government" section of the budget document.

Enterprise Fund Highlights:

- The Water and Sewer funds are Enterprise Funds which are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise where costs and expenses are recovered through user charges. These funds are not supported by tax revenues. They are required by the City Code to be self-supporting.
- The increase in the water and sewer rates passed by the City Council in March 2000 is included in the service revenue estimates for FY 2002.

Water Rates

Minimum Charge (0-5,000 gallons)	\$12.60
5,001-35,000 gallons	1.95/thous gal
over 35,000 gallons	2.28/thous gal

Sewer Rates

Minimum Charge (0-5,000 gallons)	\$18.19
5,001-35,000 gallons	2.82/thous gal
over 35,000 gallons	3.29/thous gal

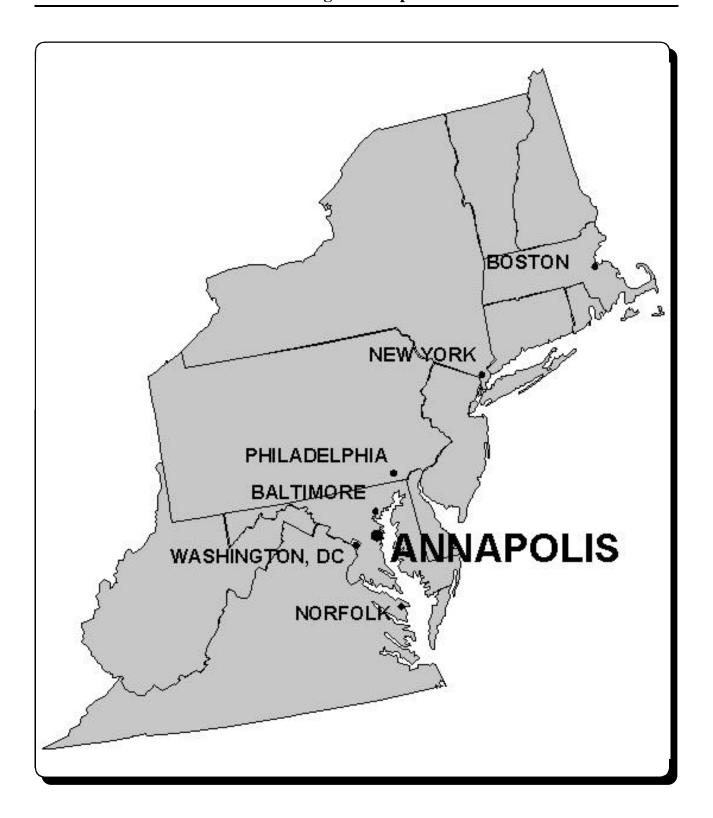
These increases will allow the City to move forward with the important capital projects included in the Capital Improvements Program.

- The City's share of the cost of operations at the sewer plant has been increased from \$2,110,000 to \$2,151,300.
- The annual refuse collection fee will remain unchanged for FY 2002 at \$267 per year.

Capital Improvement Program Highlights:

- The FY 2002 FY 2007 Adopted Capital Improvement Program (CIP) recommends a six-year \$103,879,700 program of public improvement, which represents an increase of \$32,265,250 over the FY 2001 FY 2006 program. Of the total program \$37,849,020 is currently appropriated for projects in the General Fund.
- Funding is included for a new Park Place Garage (\$25,000,000); \$4,630,000 for a new Recreation Center at Truxton Park; and \$12,161,360 to continue West Street Revitalization.
- \$500,000 is budgeted for the Vehicle Replacement Program (VRP). This program is located in the Capital Improvement Program (CIP #554) and is funded by General Fund operating funds.

- \$100,000 is budgeted for the Information Technology Program (ITP). This program is located in the Capital Improvement Program and is also funded by General Fund operating funds.
- Water and Wastewater CIP projects amount to \$6,211,500 and \$23,601,180 respectively for a total of \$29,812,680. This represents 28.7% of the CIP.



Community Profile

Annapolis is an incorporated municipal corporation of the State of Maryland (the "State"), possessing substantial home rule powers under the State constitution. First settled in 1649 by Puritans fleeing Virginia, the City was chartered in 1708 and served as the capital of the United States when the Congress met there in 1783-84. The City serves both as the capital of the State and as the county seat for Anne Arundel County; and acquired home rule in 1954. Annapolis is situated on the Western shore of the Chesapeake Bay, at the mouth of the Severn River, east of and midway between Baltimore and Washington, D.C. The City has been the home of St. John's College (founded as King William's School) since 1696 and the United States Naval Academy since 1845.

The City covers an area of seven and one-half square miles. Population in 1950 was 10,047, but growth as well as annexation caused that figure to double by 1960 and more than triple by 1980. According to the 1990 Census, the population is 33,187, exclusive of the Naval Academy population of approximately 5,500. The Naval Academy constitutes a Federal enclave within the City, but is not within the corporate limits of Annapolis.

The appearance of the City is dominated by the handsome buildings of the Naval Academy and the historic State House of Maryland. In addition, there are a number of contemporary State and County office buildings which have been designed in keeping with the prevailing Georgian architecture of the community. Because of the number of residential structures of significant historic and architectural value for which Annapolis is famous, private and public groups have joined together to retain or to recapture the historic atmosphere of the community in keeping with modern urban requirements. An application to the Department of Interior to enlarge the then existing Historic District as designated on the National Register of Historic Places was approved in 1984. The Annapolis Comprehensive Plan was adopted by City Council in May, 1998.

Annapolis is served by three major highways, U.S. Routes 50/301, Maryland Route 2 and Interstate 97, which connect with the Chesapeake Bay Bridge, immediately northeast of the City. The District of Columbia is 27 miles to the west and the City of Baltimore is 27 miles to the north.

The City is governed by a Mayor and a City Council. The City is authorized to issue debt, subject to certain indebtedness limitations, for the purpose of financing its capital projects and to incur certain other indebtedness.

The executive offices of the City are located at the Municipal Building, 160 Duke of Gloucester Street, Annapolis, Maryland 21401.

The legislative body of the City is the City Council, consisting of the Mayor as the presiding officer and eight Aldermen who together comprise the City Council. One Alderman is elected from each of the eight wards into which the City is divided and must be a resident of the ward. The Mayor is elected at large. The Aldermen and the Mayor serve a four-year term, commencing in December of the year following the presidential election. The City Council has six standing legislative committees: Economic Matters, Finance, Public Safety, Rules and Government, Environmental Matters, and Housing and Human Welfare. The Mayor and Aldermen have one vote each. A simple majority is sufficient to pass legislation.

Community Profile

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The City has independent jurisdiction over streets, street lighting, refuse collection and disposal, police, parks, harbor, off-street parking, public transportation, fire suppression and emergency services, planning and zoning, public health, water production and distribution, and sewage collection. Primary and secondary education is provided by the Board of Education of Anne Arundel County.

Demographic and Statistical Profile

Community Profile:		10 - 14 years	5.6
Date of Incorporation	1708	Age Composition (% in 2000), continu	ıed
-	d Council		
		15 - 19 years	5.9
Demographics:		20 - 24 years	6.9
		25 - 34 years	17.7
Area in square miles		35 - 44 years	15.7
		45 - 54 years	14.3
2000	7.50	55 - 59 years	5.3
1999	7.50	60 - 64 years	4.0
1998	7.33	65 - 74 years	6.3
		75 - 84 years	4.4
<u>Climate</u>		85 + years	1.3
Average summer temperature $(\pm 5^{\circ})$	71.9	Household Income and Expenditures	
Average winter temperature (±5°)	46.2	<u></u>	
Average annual precipitation (inches)	40.8	Average Household Income	\$35,516
Average annual snowfall (inches)	20.5	Per Capita	\$23,461
		% below Poverty Level	12%
<u>Population</u>		Median Housing Value	
<u></u>		(owner-occupied)	\$137,400
2000 per U.S. Census	35,838	Median Mortgage Payment	\$734
1999	35,000	Median Gross Rent	, , ,
1998	35,000	(renter-occupied)	\$602
1997	35,000	(,
1996	34,400	Households and Housing Units	
1995	34,400		
1994	33,500	Households	15,303
1993	33,500	Housing Units	16,165
1992	33,300	Tenure	,
1991	33,300	Renter	7,398
1990 per U.S. Census	33,178	Vacancy Rate	3.8%
1989	33,700	Owner	7,905
1988	33,430	Vacancy Rate	1.4%
1987	33,293	,	
1986	33,153	Economics:	
<u>Median Age</u>		Employment by Industry (%)	
2000	35.7	Construction / Landscape Utilities	5 2
Age Composition (% in 2000)		Trade	17
<u> </u>		Fire, Insurance, and Real Estate	5
Under 5 years	6.7	Services	21
5 - 9 years	6.0	Government	50
- / J	0.0	30. 	50

Demographic and Statistical Profile

<u>Taxes</u>			Residential, c	continued	
I 1 D - (- 11 C	-1 T D-4-	50/	1996	697	\$19,624,695
Local Retail S Personal Incor		5% 5%	1995	601	\$15,145,607
	ise and Income		1994	430	\$5,630,296
Franchise Tax		,,,	1993	510	\$10,195,977
Financial Ins	titutions - based	on % of	1992	407	\$7,847,265
	fied taxable incor		1991	413	\$8,578,405
	es - based on % o		1,7,1	.10	φο,ε / ο, : σε
•	ipts apportioned		Service Statist	ics:	
- base rate	t Compensation	7.1%			
ouse rate		7.170	Fire Protection	<u>ı (2000)</u>	
2000 Property	Tax Assessed V	aluation	Stations		3
			Career firefigh	ters	94
Primary		\$2,331,569,788	Civilian person		4
Secondary		\$123,314,226	Volunteer firef		60
Building Perm	<u>uits</u>		Police Protects	ion (2000)	
Commercial			G:		1
<u>Year</u>	Permits	<u>Value</u>	Stations Uniformed poli	ice officers	1 124
2000	312	\$30,391,663	Civilian person		42
1999	271	\$13,810,889	Police vehicles		91
1998	253	\$13,961,720			
1997	260	\$12,432,670	<u>Public Works (</u>	<u>(2000)</u>	
1996	220	\$9,265,897	Water		
1995	279	\$15,904,944	Water mains in	miles	128
1994	209	\$22,573,571	Water treatmer		1
1993	214	\$13,246,251	Storage tanks	_	4
1992	201	\$17,254,084	_	otion (annually)	1,500 MG
1991	211	\$12,056,743	Number of acc	ounts	11,761
		, ,,-	Sewer		
			Sewer lines and	d storm	
Residential			drains in m	iiles	140
<u>Year</u>	<u>Permits</u>	<u>Value</u>		nt plant (50% owned)	
2000	784	\$23,582,607	Sewer pumping		23
1999	734	\$18,726,165	Sewage treated Number of acc	•	1,900 MG 10,776
1998	699	\$17,660,208	runnoer or acc	Ounts	10,770
1997	738	\$18,868,634			

Demographic and Statistical Profile

<u>Utility Rates</u>		Education - County provided, continued
Gas (cents/therm)		Anne Arundel Community College
General service		enrollment 15,000
1st 10,000 therms	15.51	Graduates continuing education 83%
additional therms	7.65	Classes at or below desired
Residential	17.86	student/teacher ratio 85%
Electric (cents/kwh)		
Summer		Health Care Facilities
General service	8.036	
Residential	8.398	Anne Arundel Medical Center
Non-Summer		Beds 303
General service	5.449	Physicians 340
Residential		Birthing Center
up to 500 kwh	7.311	Magnetic Resonance Imaging Center
over to 500 kwh	5.358	Oncology Center
		Outpatient Surgery Center
Recreation - City owned		Community Health Education Center
		Outpatient Radiology Center
Playgrounds and parks in acres	120	
Baseball fields	5	<u>Major Events</u>
Football fields	4	
Basketball courts	11	Maryland State Legislature
Tennis courts	16	in Session January - April
Playgrounds	20	Waterfront Festival April - May
Pools	1	U.S. Naval Academy Commissioning May
Public Boat Ramps	12	Independence Day Fireworks July
		Wine Festival July
Education - County provided		Maryland Seafood Festival September
		Anne Arundel County Fair September
Elementary and secondary schools	9	Maryland Renaissance
Elementary school enrollment	2,305	Festival September - October
Middle school enrollment	1,075	U.S. Sailboat Show October
High school enrollment	1,250	U.S. Powerboat Show October
Colleges:		Chesapeake Appreciation Days October
U.S. Naval Academy enrollment	4,000	Christmas Lights Parade December
St. John's College enrollment	500	First Night Annapolis December

The Budget Process Schedule

November

- Finance prepares Preliminary Revenue Estimates
- Finance prepares Operating and Capital Budget Instructions

December

Finance distributes Operating Budget, Capital Budget, and Enhancement Instructions

January

- Departments submit Enhancement Requests
- Departments submit Operating and Capital Budget Requests

February

Department Operating Budget and Enhancement Requests reviewed by Mayor

March

• Finance prepares Operating and Capital Budgets

April

- Administration informs Departments of Enhancement decisions
- Mayor's Proposed Operating Budget submitted to Council and Finance Committee
- Budget Legislation to Council for First Reader
- Finance Committee holds Public Hearings on the Mayor's Proposed Operating and Capital Budgets with Department Directors
- Council Public Hearing held on Proposed Operating Budget

May

- Finance Committee recommendations on the Mayor's Proposed Operating Budget to the Council
- Council adopts the FY 2002 Operating Budget
- City Council adopts the FY 2002 2007 Capital Improvements Program

July

• Fiscal Year 2002 begins on July 1, 2001

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Budget Adoption:

The City Charter requires that the Mayor submit a proposed budget (for all funds except the Internal Service Fund, the Pension Trust Fund and the Special Revenue Fund) to the City Council no later than the second Monday in April of each year for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1st. The Finance Committee makes recommendations on the budget to the full City Council. The City Council conducts public hearings on the budget. No later than June 30th, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a budget ordinance which establishes spending authority by fund for the operations of the City. The level on which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is the fund level and budget revisions at the fund level require City Council approval.

Budget Revisions:

Approval for Changes: Because it is the City Council that establishes the original operating and capital budgets, it is the City Council that must approve changes to it. Members of the Council are appointed to the Finance Committee to do the business of hearing requests for budget changes, evaluating them, and making recommendations to the Council with regard to them.

Procedure for Changes: Because there needs to be a document setting forth each request for a change to the budget, the Finance Office has devised what it calls a budget revision form. This form specifies which line-item budgets are being changed and by how much - and it provides an explanation of, and a justification for the transaction or circumstances that have necessitated the budget change(s). It also provides for the signature of the department director making the request, the signature of the Finance Director affirming the sufficiency of funds supporting the change, and the signature of the

Mayor and his recommendation to the Finance Committee relative to the action it should take with the request.

Budget Basis:

The budgets of general government type funds are prepared on a modified accrual basis. Under this basis, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for debt service which is recognized when due.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) is prepared on the basis of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). In most cases this conforms with the way the budget is prepared, with the following exceptions. In the General Fund, the budget basis differs from GAAP in that the budget basis reflects encumbrances as the equivalent of expenditures. GAAP reflects encumbrances only as reservations of fund balance. Also, under the budget basis, interfund transfers are considered the equivalent of revenues and expenditures of the affected funds. In addition, new capital leases are recorded as expenditures and other financing sources only on a GAAP basis. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report shows fund expenditures and revenues on both a GAAP basis and budget basis for comparison purposes.

The enterprise funds (Water, Sewer, Off Street Parking, Dock, Market, Transportation, and Refuse) are budgeted on a full accrual basis. This means that revenues are recognized when they are earned, i.e. water use fees are recognized as revenue when bills are produced, and expenditures are recognized when the liability is incurred.

The Budget Development Process

- continued -

Fiscal Year 2002 Budget Calendar

Date	Responsibility	Action
12/4/00	Finance	Distribute Operating Budget instructions
12/11/00	Department Directors	CIP Preliminary Project Set-Up Sheets due to Finance
12/29/00	Department Directors	Enhancement Requests due to Finance
1/12/01	Department Directors	Operating Budget submissions due to Finance
1/22/01 - 1/24/01	Department Directors/Mayor/Finance	Operating Budget submissions and Enhancement requests reviewed by Mayor
1/30/01	Department Directors/Mayor/Finance/Central Services	CIP Project Set-Up Sheets reviewed by Mayor, Finance and Central Services
4/9/01	Mayor/Finance	Mayor's Proposed Operating Budget submitted to City Council per City Code. Budget legislation to Council for First Reader
4/16/01 - 4/19/01	Finance Committee/Department Directors/Finance	Finance Committee public hearings on Mayor's Proposed Budget
4/30/01	City Council	Public Hearing on Proposed Operating Budget
5/14/01	Finance Committee/Finance	Finance Committee's Recommended Budget Changes submitted to City Council.
6/11/01	City Council	Adopt FY 2002 Operating Budget and FY 2002- 2007 Capital Improvements Program
7/1/01	Finance	Adopted FY 2002 Operating Budget and Capital Budget goes into effect

City of Annapolis Organizational Chart By Function Within Department

